

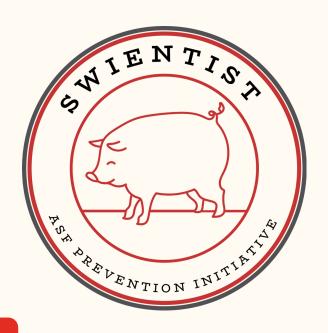




## In this box you will find:

- ASF Awareness Posters
- Flagging tape
- PPE
  - Boot covers
  - Gloves
- No contact thermometer
  - 2 AAA batteries
- Biosecurity Do Not Enter signs
- Swientist ASF Clipboard
- Swientist ASF Flashdrive
  - Contains: All items in this handbook and additional materials

For questions: email us at swientist@osu.edu



# WHAT'S INSIDE THE GUIDE:

Best Practices
BEFORE
DURING
AFTER
the show

#### IMPORTANCE

- More than 150 million people visit agricultural fairs in North America
- A Foreign Animal Disease (FAD) outbreak would be devastating for more than just your show
- One of the best ways to keep animals healthy and protect pigs across the country is to practice good biosecurity at all times.

### CLINICAL SIGNS OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER (ASF)

- High fever
- Decreased appetite and weakness
- Red blotchy skin or skin lesions
- Diarrhea and vomiting
- Couching and difficulty breathing
- Abortions or sudden death

### RESOURCES FOR SUCCESS

- Scan the QR code to order your ASF Biosecurity starter kit today!
- Visit <u>go.osu.edu/swientist</u> for more information and resouces



## GET STARTED: BEFORE THE SHOW

01.

### CREATE YOUR SITE-SPECIFIC BIOSECURITY PLAN

- Train all volunteers on clinical signs of FADs
- Ensure everyone involved has enough time to learn the plan



02.



## COLLECT INFORMATION

- Names and contact information of all exhibitors
- Phone numbers for animal and public health officials
- Records of swine ID and source farms

03.



## ESTABLISH RELATIONSHIP

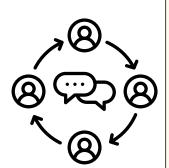
With show veterinarian

 Should be able to test for FADs

### **COMMUNICATE**

- Ensure adequate signage in and around barns
  - Recommendations at the end of this document
- Hold pre-show meeting with exhibitors to review regulations and rules

04.



## **DURING THE SHOW**



### **Starters**

- Track arrival, penning, and release of pigs.
  - Consider requiring or reviewing Agview, Premises Identification Numbers, or Secure Pork Supply documentation



- Limit the time pigs are congregated, comingled, and held at an exhibition:
- Exhibition swine should be kept on the exhibition grounds no longer than 72 hours
- Contact show veterinarian if any pigs have clinical signs similar to ASF

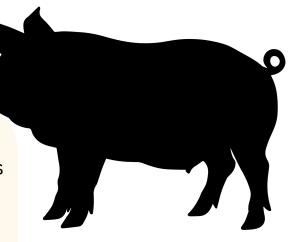
### Clean

- Clean and disinfect gates, chutes, sort panels, and any equipment used during weighing and identification procedures frequently, ideally between each group of pigs.
- Ensure that handwashing stations, ideally with running water, soap and paper towels, will be available near the exit of the exhibition area.



#### Reminders

- Release pigs from the exhibition grounds as soon as possible following their respective show(s)
- Review clinical signs of African Swine Fever and the importance of preventing FADs
  - More information in back of booklet and USDA Protect Our Pigs website



## **AFTER THE SHOW**

01

## LET'S TALK ABOUT CLEAN UP



- Clean and disinfect the swine exhibition areas, including chutes and equipment.
  - You can find information on approved disinfectants for ASF and using disinfectants correctly in the appendix of this guide

### **02** DEBRIEF

 Hold a debrief meeting with volunteers to discuss what went well and improvements for next year.



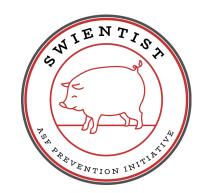
## **03** IF NEEDED

- Consult your show veterinarian if exhibitors report illness in animals shortly after the show
  - Especially reports of clinical signs of ASF
- ASF is not a threat to human health, however there are other diseases that can infect humans at swine shows.
  - Consult a health care provider and your state or local public health department if exhibitors or family members develop influenza-like illness.
    - Inform the health care provider of exposure to swine

### Show organizer's guide to reducing swine infectious disease

# RECOMMENDED SIGNAGE

**EXAMPLES ON NEXT PAGE** 





Animals carry germs!



Wash your hands with soap and water right after visiting the animals



No food, drinks, baby bottles, pacifiers, toys or strollers in animal areas



Quarantine and isolation areas